# **ToP – Transfer of Projects**

How to set up a transfer procedure: learning from others and transferring a project from one context into another

The process of transferring a project from one school or educational context to another is often reduced to the concept of "best practice". But success - especially when it comes to designing learning environments is dependent on cultural, structural and personal factors. What works in one specific context won't necessarily be an adequate solution in another context. Working on transfer processes enhances networking, contributes to the dissemination of EOL approaches and makes EOL projects more sustainable. This scheme<sup>1</sup> makes the whole transfer mechanism visible.



This is an output of the project "Learning environments where modern languages flourish" (2016-2019) of the European Centre for Modern Languages (ECML). The ECML is a Council of Europe institution promoting excellence in language education in its member states.







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://fr.freepik.com/vecteurs-libre/engrenages-fond-colore\_794571.htm

#### 1. Getting started

How did you find out about the original project?

#### 2. Getting informed

How can you gain an in-depth understanding of the original project and of its success factors?

CULTURE	To what extent is the original project supported by a common whole school culture in relation to language education?
STRUCTURES	How is the original project supported by structures (schedule, organisation, spaces, etc.)?
PEOPLE	Have you spoken tto someone from the original project? What support could you get from this person?

## 3. Identifying key aspects

Why do you think it could be interesting for and transferable to your context?

CULTURE	For example, how might you consider different languages as an indication of diversity?
STRUCTURES	For example, how do you address for example non-formal education, funding questions, inclusion of all subjects, etc.?
PEOPLE	How about including native speakers, parents, grandparents, etc.?

## 4. Setting up a strategy

What features in your school and social environment could make the transfer difficult? What would support the transfer?

CULTURE	What cultural landmark from your context could you use to explain the original project?
STRUCTURES	What school facilities could hinder or support the transfer of the project?
PEOPLE	Where could you find help in the staff? Who needs to be informed or involved in the transfer process?

## 5. Cooperating

What role do you think partnerships can play when transferring the project?

CULTURE	What could be the added-value for the original project? How could you enter into a relationship of mutual support?
STRUCTURES	What could be the structural underpinning of the transfer? Could you imagine embedding it in a cooperation programme?
PEOPLE	Could you invite someone from the original project to your school in order to share his/her experience?

## 6. Disseminating

How do you intend to share your experience with others?

CULTURE	How could you communicate about the project in your context? How could you share its objectives?
STRUCTURES	To which other projects could you link this one? What programmes, tools, material, etc. could you use?
PEOPLE	How could you increase the number of people involved? What could they gain by being involved in terms of professional development?

## 7. Added value

How can the school community benefit?

CULTURE	How can this project become a part of the common culture? How could you inform the school's external partners?
STRUCTURES	What impact do you expect on the structures: organisation, timelines, spaces, etc.?
PEOPLE	How can the whole community benefit from this project: students and parents, teachers and staff, school management, the school system?

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